Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2024



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Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The accompanying consolidated financial statements of the Corporation of the Township of Killaloe, Hagarty and Richards (the "Township") are the responsibility of the Township's management and have been prepared in compliance with legislation, and in accordance with Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards. A summary of the significant accounting policies is contained in Note 1 to the consolidated financial statements. The preparation of consolidated financial statements necessarily involves the use of estimates based on management's judgment, particularly when transactions affecting the current accounting period cannot be finalized with certainty until future periods.

The Township's management maintains a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded, transactions are properly authorized and recorded in compliance with legislative and regulatory requirements, and reliable financial information is available on a timely basis for preparation of the consolidated financial statements. These systems are monitored and evaluated by management.

The Council meets with management and the external auditors to review the consolidated financial statements and discuss any significant financial reporting or internal control matters prior to their approval of the consolidated financial statements.

The consolidated financial statements have been audited by MacKillican & Associates, independent external auditors appointed by the Township. The accompanying Independent Auditor's Report outlines their responsibilities, the scope of their examination and their opinion on the Township's consolidated financial statements.

Tammy Gorgerat

CAO/Clerk-Treasurer

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Council, Inhabitants and Ratepayers of the Corporation of the Township of Killaloe, Hagarty and Richards.

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of the Township of Killaloe, Hagarty and Richards (the Township), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2024, and the consolidated statement of operations and accumulated surplus, consolidated statement of changes in net financial assets (liabilities) and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Township as at 31 December 2024, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards (PSAS).

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Township in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with PSAS, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Township's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Township or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Township's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

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As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements,
 whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and
 obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of
 not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error,
 as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of
 internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Township's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Township's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Township to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Township to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit.
 We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Mackillicon & Associates

RENFREW, Ontario. 17 March 2025.

Chartered Professional Accountants,

Licensed Public Accountants.

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 December 2024 (with 2023 figures for comparison)

		<u>2024</u>		<u>2023</u>
Financial assets:	\$	2 446 012	\$	1 057 414
Cash and cash equivalents Taxes receivable	Ф	2,446,013 1,466,963	Ф	1,957,414 1,312,085
Accounts receivable		587,588		445,673
Investments (Note 3)		343,038		343,038
in countries (rest b)	\$	4,843,602	<u> </u>	4,058,210
	Ψ	.,0 .2,002	Ψ	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	248,695	\$	199,096
Deferred revenue - obligatory reserve funds (Note 5)		110,661		28,694
Net long term liabilities (Note 13)		1,693,418		1,892,660
Asset retirement obligations - landfills (Notes 6 and 15)		1,955,000		1,715,000
	\$	4,007,774	\$	3,835,450
Net financial assets	\$	835,828	\$	222,760
Non-financial assets:				
Tangible capital assets (net) (Notes 1 (d) (i) and 9)	\$	7,260,706	\$	7,244,343
Inventory of supplies (Note 1 (e))		43,318		30,430
Prepaid expenses		28,740		28,711
	\$	7,332,764	\$	7,303,484
Accumulated surplus	\$	8,168,592	\$	7,526,244
Accumulated surplus comprised of:				
Equity in tangible capital assets (Note 14)	\$	5,567,288	\$	5,351,683
Discretionary reserve fund		230,572		200,497
Reserves		4,335,073		3,688,711
General		5,136		307
Water fund operations		(57,577)		(44,360)
Sewage fund operations		(16,599)		(6,102)
Killaloe & District Public Library Board		38,956		30,751
Village of Killaloe Recreation Committee		20,743		19,757
Unfunded - asset retirement obligations - landfills (Note 2)		(1,955,000)	_	(1,715,000)
Total accumulated surplus	\$	8,168,592	\$	7,526,244

Consolidated Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus

For the year ended 31 December 2024 (with 2024 budget and 2023 actual figures for comparison)

	2024 <u>Budget</u>	2024 <u>Actual</u>	2023 <u>Actual</u>
Revenue:			
Taxation and user charges (Note 16)	\$ 3,816,127	\$ 3,869,213	\$ 3,283,338
Government transfers:			
Ontario	1,606,780	1,610,632	1,319,435
Canada	108,114	26,002	98,838
Other municipalities	6,168	6,168	6,168
Other	490,391	614,373	535,907
	\$ <u>6,027,580</u>	\$ <u>6,126,388</u>	\$ <u>5,243,686</u>
Expenses:			
General government	\$ 906,185	\$ 796,785	\$ 838,504
Protection to persons and property	1,387,283	1,251,232	1,443,317
Transportation services	2,186,381	1,698,206	1,895,615
Environmental services	1,167,602	1,279,553	1,392,189
Recreation and cultural services	562,970	434,510	441,420
Planning and development	35,000	23,754	6,417
	\$ <u>6,245,421</u>	\$ <u>5,484,040</u>	\$ <u>6,017,462</u>
Excess (shortfall) of revenue over expenses	\$ (217,841)	\$ 642,348	\$ (773,776)
Accumulated surplus at the beginning of the year	7,526,244	7,526,244	8,300,020
Accumulated surplus at the end of the year	\$ <u>7,308,403</u>	\$ <u>8,168,592</u>	\$ <u>7,526,244</u>

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Net Financial Assets (Liabilities)

For the year ended 31 December 2024 (with 2024 budget and 2023 actual figures for comparison)

	_	024 idget	:	2024 <u>Actual</u>		2023 <u>Actual</u>
Excess (shortfall) of revenue over expenses	\$ (217,841)	\$	642,348	\$	(773,776)
Amortization of tangible capital assets Acquisition of tangible capital assets Loss on sale of tangible capital assets Proceeds on sale of tangible capital assets Use of (acquisition of) inventory Use of (acquisition of) prepaid expenses		532,438 722,000)		531,134 (547,497) (12,888) (29)	_	882,018 (522,102) 339 3,678 (2,258) (5,940)
Increase (decrease) in net financial assets Net financial assets at the beginning of the year	,	407,403) 222,760	\$	613,068 222,760	\$	(418,041) 640,801
Net financial assets (liabilities) at the end of the year	\$ <u> (</u>	184,643)	\$	835,828	\$_	222,760

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended 31 December 2024 (with 2023 figures for comparison)

		<u>2024</u>		<u>2023</u>
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Excess (shortfall) of revenue over expenses Add (deduct) items which do not involve cash:	\$	642,348	\$	(773,776)
- amortization		531,134		882,018
- loss on sale of tangible capital assets				339
	\$	1,173,482	\$	108,581
Net change in non cash working capital balances related to operations:				
- decrease (increase) in taxes receivable	\$	(154,878)	\$	(154,880)
- decrease (increase) in accounts receivable	Ψ	(141,915)	Ψ	83,689
- decrease (increase) in inventory of supplies		(12,888)		(2,258)
- decrease (increase) in prepaid expenses		(29)		(5,940)
- increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities		49,599		(50,215)
- increase (decrease) in deferred revenue - obligatory reserve				, , ,
funds		81,967		14,520
- increase (decrease) in asset retirement obligations - landfills		240,000		335,000
	\$	61,856	\$	219,916
Cash flows from operating activities	\$	1,235,338	\$	328,497
Cash flows from financing activities:				
Repayment of OILC debenture	\$	(107,451)	\$	(104,506)
Repayment of Capital lease	Ψ	(91,791)	Ψ	(85,620)
		,		
Cash flows used for financing activities	\$	(199,242)	\$	(190,126)
Cash flows used for capital activities:				
Additions to tangible capital assets:				
Transportation services	\$	(231,735)	\$	(485,384)
Environmental services		(147,349)		(22,336)
Recreation and cultural services		(168,413)		(14,382)
Proceeds on sale of tangible capital assets				3,678
Cash flows used for capital activities	\$	(547,497)	\$	(518,424)
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents during the year	\$	488,599	\$	(380,053)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		1,957,414		2,337,467
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	\$	2,446,013	\$	1,957,414

Schedule of General Operations

For the year ended 31 December 2024 (with 2024 budget and 2023 actual figures for comparison)

D	2024 <u>Budget</u>	2024 <u>Actual</u>	2023 <u>Actual</u>
Revenue: Net municipal taxation	\$ 3,498,660	\$ 3,515,601	\$ 2,955,391
Government transfers:	\$ 3,470,000	\$ 3,313,001	\$ 2,933,391
Ontario	1,573,835	1,577,661	1,308,888
Canada	105,135	26,002	98,838
Other municipalities	1,520	1,520	1,520
Other	472,400	<u>574,741</u>	493,222
	\$ <u>5,651,550</u>	\$ <u>5,695,525</u>	\$ <u>4,857,859</u>
Expenses:			
General government	\$ 906,185	\$ 796,785	\$ 838,504
Protection to persons and property	1,387,283	1,251,232	1,443,317
Transportation services	2,186,381	1,698,206	1,895,615
Environmental services	850,135	662,227	700,037
Recreation and cultural services	389,167	258,283	295,368
Planning and development	35,000	23,754	6,417
	\$ <u>5,754,151</u>	\$ <u>4,690,487</u>	\$ <u>5,179,258</u>
Excess (shortfall) of revenue over expenses	\$ <u>(102,601)</u>	\$ <u>1,005,038</u>	\$ <u>(321,399)</u>
Transfers:			
Transfer to library	\$ (121,240)	\$ (117,221)	\$ (103,992)
Transfer to discretionary reserve fund		(21,021)	(21,568)
Transfer from (to) reserves	609,391	(646,362)	210,665
Transfer from (to) equity in tangible capital assets	(385,857)	(215,605)	173,807
Net transfers	\$102,294	\$ <u>(1,000,209</u>)	\$ 258,912
Change in general surplus (deficit) for the year	\$ (307)	\$ 4,829	\$ (62,487)
General surplus at the beginning of the year	307	307	62,794
General surplus at the end of the year	\$	\$ <u>5,136</u>	\$ <u>307</u>

Schedule of Tangible Capital Assets

For the year ended 31 December 2024 (with 2023 figures for comparison)

Segmented by asset class: <u>Cost</u>	Balance at 31 December 2023	Additions	Disposals, write-offs and adjustments	Balance at 31 December 2024
Land Land improvements Buildings Machinery and equipment Vehicles Linear assets Capital work in progress	\$ 443,546 590,257 7,012,971 1,316,765 2,405,928 22,204,244 205,300	\$ 168,413 147,349 231,735	\$ 22,336 (22,336)	\$ 443,546 590,257 7,181,384 1,486,450 2,405,928 22,435,979 182,964
Total	\$ <u>34,179,011</u>	\$ <u>547,497</u>	\$	\$ <u>34,726,508</u>
Accumulated <u>amortization</u>	Balance at 31 December 2023	Amortization	Disposals, write-offs and adjustments	Balance at 31 December 2024
Land Land improvements Buildings Machinery and equipment Vehicles Linear assets	\$ 124,051 422,936 4,330,287 1,064,779 1,613,128 19,379,487	\$ 17,006 104,516 50,853 113,944 244,815	\$ -	\$ 124,051 439,942 4,434,803 1,115,632 1,727,072 19,624,302
Total	\$26,934,668	\$ 531,134	\$	\$ 27,465,802
Net book value Land Land improvements Buildings Machinery and equipment			Balance at 31 December 2023 \$ 319,495 167,321 2,682,684 251,986	Balance at 31 December 2024 \$ 319,495 150,315 2,746,581 370,818
Vehicles Linear assets Capital work in progress			792,800 2,824,757 205,300	678,856 2,811,677 182,964
Total		i	\$ <u>7,244,343</u>	\$ <u>7,260,706</u>

Schedule of Tangible Capital Assets

For the year ended 31 December 2024 (with 2023 figures for comparison)

Segmented by function: <u>Cost</u>	Balance at 31 December 2023	Addi	tions	W	Disposals, rite-offs and adjustments		Balance at I December 2024
General government Protection services Transportation services Environmental services -	\$ 959,719 4,044,175 21,138,972	\$ 2	231,735	\$	-	\$	959,719 4,044,175 21,370,707
waste sites Environmental services -	865,691						865,691
water Environmental services -	3,808,456	-	147,349				3,955,805
sewage Recreation services	2,345,420 1,016,578		168,413				2,345,420 1,184,991
Total	\$ 34,179,011	\$\$	547,497	\$		\$	34,726,508
Accumulated amortization	Balance at 31 December 2023	Amorti	zation	W	Disposals, rite-offs and adjustments		Balance at December 2024
General government Protection services Transportation services Environmental services -	\$ 591,149 1,323,365 17,554,437		14,520 135,216 339,162	\$	-	\$	605,669 1,458,581 17,893,599
waste sites Environmental services -	750,633		15,296				765,929
water Environmental services - sewage Recreation services	3,776,680 2,254,008		2,332 3,611				3,779,012 2,257,619
Total	\$\frac{684,396}{26,934,668}\$	\$	20,997 531,134	\$	_	\$	705,393 27,465,802
Net book value				3	Balance at 31 December 2023	_	Balance at December 2024
General government Protection services Transportation services Environmental services - Environmental services - Environmental services - Recreation services	water			\$	368,570 2,720,810 3,584,535 115,058 31,776 91,412 332,182	\$	354,050 2,585,594 3,477,108 99,762 176,793 87,801 479,598
Total				\$ <u></u>	7,244,343	\$	7,260,706

(See accompanying notes)

MACKILLICAN & ASSOCIATES

Schedule of Reserves and Reserve Funds

For the year ended 31 December 2024 (with 2023 figures for comparison)

		<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
Contributions: From operations	\$	677,649	\$ 44,178
Transfers:			
Transfer to operations Transfer to tangible capital asset acquisitions	\$	1,212	\$ 37,762 192,878
	\$	1,212	\$ 230,640
Change in reserves and reserve funds balance Reserves and reserve funds at the beginning of the year	\$	676,437 3,889,208	\$ (186,462) 4,075,670
Reserves and reserve funds at the end of the year	\$ <u></u>	4,565,645	\$ 3,889,208
Reserves:			
Working funds Protection services Roadways Waterworks system Solid waste disposal Hydro Reserve Killaloe	\$	3,006,905 123,376 484,581 15,259 305,000 399,952	\$ 2,678,043 58,376 232,081 15,259 305,000 399,952
Total reserves	\$	4,335,073	\$ 3,688,711
Discretionary reserve fund set aside for specific purpose: Environmental	_	230,572	200,497
Total reserves and reserve funds	\$	4,565,645	\$ 3,889,208

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2024

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements of the Corporation of the Township of Killaloe, Hagarty and Richards are the representation of management prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting standards for local governments as recommended by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB) of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada.

The focus of PSAB financial statements is on the financial position of the Township and changes thereto. The Consolidated Statement of Financial Position reports financial assets and liabilities. Financial assets are available to provide resources to discharge existing liabilities or finance future operations. Municipal position represents the financial position of the Township and is the difference between financial assets and liabilities. This information explains the Township's overall future revenue requirements and its ability to finance activities and meet its obligations.

(a) Reporting Entity

(i) The consolidated financial statements reflect financial assets, liabilities, operating revenues and expenditures, reserves, reserve funds, and changes in investment in tangible capital assets of the Township. The reporting entity is comprised of all organizations, committees and local boards accountable for the administration of their financial affairs and resources to the Township and which are owned or controlled by the Township. Interdepartmental and organizational transactions and balances between these organizations are eliminated.

These consolidated financial statements include:

- Village of Killaloe Recreation Committee
- Killaloe & District Public Library Board
- (ii) Accounting for County and School Board Transactions

 The taxation, other revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities with respect to the operations of the county and school boards are not reflected in the municipal fund balances of these financial

(b) Basis of Accounting

statements.

The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the period in which transactions or events occurred that gave rise to the revenue; expenses are recognized in the period goods or services are acquired and a liability is incurred or transfers are due.

Funds from external parties and earnings thereon restricted by agreement or legislation are accounted for as deferred revenue until used for the purpose specified.

Government transfers, contributions and other amounts are received from third parties pursuant to legislation, regulation or agreement and may only be used for certain programs, in the completion of specific work, or for the purchase of tangible capital assets. In addition, certain user charges and fees are collected for which the related services have yet to be performed.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2024

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(c) Non-financial Assets

Non-financial assets are not available to discharge existing liabilities and are held for use in the provision of services. They have useful lives extending beyond the current year, and are not intended for sale in the ordinary course of operations. The change in non-financial assets during the year, together with the excess of revenues over expenses, provides the change in net financial assets for the year.

(d) Tangible Capital Assets

(i) Tangible capital assets (TCAs) are recorded at cost, which includes all amounts that are directly attributable to acquisition, construction, development or betterment of the asset. Where the cost was not readily determinable, the assets were valued at their current fair market value and then discounted back to their in-service date using the Non-Residential Building Construction Price Index (NRBCPI) for infrastructure, storm sewers and sanitary sewers and using the Consumer Price Index (CPI) for all other assets. Land for road segments is valued at \$ 1.00 per segment. All other land is valued at cost. Where cost was not readily determinable, the land was given a value of \$ 1.00 per segment. The cost, less residual value, of the tangible capital assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Land improvements	15 - 25 years
Buildings	15 - 30 years
Machinery and equipment	5 - 10 years
Vehicles	5 - 20 years
Linear assets	10 - 40 years

Amortization is calculated commencing the first month of the year following acquisition using the above rates. In the year of disposal, a full year of amortization will be charged against the asset. Capital work in progress is not amortized until it is put into service.

The Township has a capitalization threshold of \$5,000, so that individual TCAs of lesser value are expensed, unless they are pooled because, collectively, they have significant value, or for operational reasons.

(ii) Contribution of Tangible Capital Assets

Tangible capital assets received as contributions are recorded at their fair value at the date of receipt, and that fair value is also recorded as revenue. Similarly, transfers of assets to third parties are recorded as an expense equal to the net book value of the assets as of the date of transfer.

(iii) Leases

Leases are classified as capital or operating leases. Leases which transfer substantially all of the benefits and risks incidental to ownership of property are accounted for as capital leases. All other leases are accounted for as operating leases and the related lease payments are charged to expenses as incurred.

(e) Inventory

Inventory held for consumption is recorded at the lower of cost or replacement cost on a specific item basis.

(f) Investment Income

Investment income earned on current funds (other than obligatory reserve funds) are reported as revenue in the period earned. Investment income earned on externally restricted funds is added to the fund balance and forms part of the respective deferred revenue balance.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2024

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(g) Government Transfers

Government transfers are the transfer of assets from senior levels of government that are not the result of an exchange transaction, are not expected to be repaid in the future, or the result of a direct financial return.

Government transfers are recognized in the financial statements in the period in which the events giving rise to the transfer occur, providing the transfers are authorized, any eligibility criteria have been met and reasonable estimates of the amounts can be made.

(h) Deferred Revenue

Certain amounts are received pursuant to regulations or agreement and may only be used in the conduct of certain programs or in the delivery of specific services and transactions. These amounts are recognized as revenue in the fiscal year the related expenditures are incurred or services performed.

(i) Deferred Revenue - Obligatory Reserve Funds

The Township receives restricted contributions under the authority of provincial and federal legislation and Township by-laws. These funds by their nature are restricted in their use and until applied to applicable costs are recorded as deferred revenue. Amounts applied to qualifying expenditures are recorded as revenue in the fiscal period they are expended.

(j) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the year. Actual results could differ from these estimates. Significant estimates include the allowance for doubtful taxes, landfill closure and post closure costs and amortization.

(k) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are comprised of cash on hand and in bank and investments due no greater than three months from the date of acquisition or that are cashable on demand.

(1) Revenue Recognition

Taxation revenue consists of non-exchange transactions. It is recognized in the period to which the assessment relates and reasonable estimates of amounts can be made. Annual revenue also includes adjustments related to reassessments or appeals related to prior years. Fees and user charges relate to utility charges (water, wastewater, and solid waste) licensing fees, fees for use of various programming, and fees imposed based on specific activities, is recognized when the activity is performed or when the services are rendered.

(m) Financial Instruments

Financial instruments include cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and accounts payable and accrued liabilities. Unless otherwise noted, it is management's opinion that the Municipality is not exposed to significant interest, currency or credit risks arising from these financial instruments.

The carrying amounts reported on the statement of financial position for cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and accounts payable and accrued liabilities, approximate their fair values, due to the immediate and short term maturities of these financial instruments.

2. AMOUNTS TO BE RECOVERED

Amounts to be recovered represent the requirement of the Township to raise funds in subsequent periods to finance unfunded liabilities, comprised of the landfill closure and post closure liabilities.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2024

3. INVESTMENTS

The investments in Ottawa River Power Corporation (ORPC) and Ottawa River Solutions Inc. (ORSI) are carried at cost and are comprised as follows:

	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
169 Common shares (2023 - 169) of ORPC	\$ 169,507	\$ 169,507
169 Special shares of ORPC	169	169
169 Common shares (2023 - 169) of ORSI	845	845
169 Special shares of ORSI	169	169
Promissory Note from ORPC 3.49% (2023 - 3.49%)	 172,348	 172,348
	\$ 343,038	\$ 343,038

4. OPERATIONS OF SCHOOL BOARDS AND COUNTY OF RENFREW

Requisitions were made by the School Boards and County of Renfrew requiring the Township to collect property taxes and payments in lieu of property taxes on their behalf. The amounts collected and remitted are as follows:

	<u>School Boards</u>		<u>County</u>		
Property taxes Payments in lieu	\$	623,511 670	\$	1,584,550 39,215	
	\$	624,181	\$	1,623,765	

5. DEFERRED REVENUE - OBLIGATORY RESERVE FUNDS

A requirement of the public sector accounting standards of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada is that obligatory reserve funds be reported as deferred revenue. This requirement is in place because federal, provincial and municipal legislation restricts how these funds may be used. The balances in the obligatory reserve funds of the Township are summarized below:

(a) The balance of deferred revenue - obligatory reserve funds on the "Consolidated Statement of Financial Position" at the end of the year is comprised of the following externally restricted reserve funds:

	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
Shoreline Gasoline Tax - Federal	\$ 15,151 95,510	\$ 14,431 14,263
	\$ 110,661	\$ 28,694

(b) Transactions during the year in the deferred revenue - obligatory reserve funds are as follows:

	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
Balance at the beginning of the year Gas tax revenue received Sale of shoreline	\$ 28,694 76,966	\$ 14,174 80,088
Interest earned	 5,001	 2,241
Used to purchase tangible capital assets	\$ 110,661	\$ 96,503 (67,809)
Balance at the end of the year	\$ 110,661	\$ 28,694

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2024

6. UNFUNDED - ASSET RETIREMENT OBLIGATIONS - LANDFILLS

The Environmental Protection Act sets out the regulatory requirements to properly close and maintain all active and inactive landfill sites. Under environmental law, there is a requirement for closure and post closure care of solid waste landfill sites. This requirement is to be provided for over the estimated remaining life of the landfill site based on usage.

Landfill closure and post closure care requirements have been defined in accordance with industry standards and include final covering and landscaping of the landfill, pumping ground water and leachates from the site, and ongoing environmental monitoring, site inspection and maintenance. Some closure costs are incurred on an ongoing basis and are included in the yearly fiscal operating budget. All remaining expected closure and post closure costs have been discounted at the Township's average long term borrowing rate, net of estimated inflation. There is currently \$ 790,708 in reserves set aside for either closure or post closure activities.

The reported liability is based on estimates and assumptions with respect to events extending over the useful life and estimated post closure care period using the best information available to management. Future events may result in significant changes to the estimated total expenditures, capacity used or total capacity and the estimated liability, and would be recognized prospectively, as a change in estimate, when applicable.

	Killaloe	Red Rock	Round Lake
Landfill sites' estimated remaining capacity			
in cubic metres	1,007	38,324	77,305
Landfill sites' remaining useful life in years	0	30	0
Expected years of post closure care	25	25	25

The estimated total undiscounted expenses for closure and the 25 year post closure period amount to approximately \$ 1,955,000.

7. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The nature of municipal activities is such that there may be litigation pending or in prospect at any time. The Township is not aware of any claims or possible claims as at 31 December 2024.

8. BUDGET FIGURES

The operating budget approved by the Township of Killaloe, Hagarty and Richards for 2024 is reflected on the Consolidated Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus. The budget established for capital investment in tangible capital assets is on a project-oriented basis, the costs of which may be carried out over one or more years and, therefore, may not be comparable with current year's actual expenditure amounts. As well, the Township does not budget activity within reserves and reserve funds, with the exception being those transactions which affect either operations or capital investments. Budget figures have been reclassified for the purpose of these financial statements to comply with PSAB reporting requirements.

9. TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS

The Schedule of Tangible Capital Assets provides information on the tangible capital assets of the Township by major asset class and by function, as well as for accumulated amortization of the assets controlled. The reader should be aware of the following information relating to tangible capital assets:

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2024

9. TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

- (i) Contributed Tangible Capital Assets
 - The Township records all tangible capital assets contributed by an external party at fair value on the earlier of the date received or of the transfer of risk and responsibility. Typical examples are roadways, water and sewer lines installed by a developer as part of a subdivision agreement. There were no such transfers in 2024.
- (ii) Tangible Capital Assets Recognized at Nominal Value Certain assets have been assigned a nominal value of one dollar, because of the difficulty of determining a tenable valuation. The most significant such assets are the Township's road allowances. The 2024 road network had segments, each of which has been assigned a value of one dollar for the road allowance itself.

10. CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS

In 2024, the Township entered into a new 5 year contract with Ontario Clean Water Agency which begins 1 January 2025. The fixed price contract was established for water and sewage treatment. The annual cost of this contract was \$ 327,669 (2023 - \$ 312,065) and is adjusted annually for inflation and insurance.

The Township has not negotiated a contract with the Ontario Provincial Police for the provision of policing services, however, the Ontario Provincial Police provide policing services on an annual basis. Annual charges are determined based on the level of service and are reconciled to actual costs in the following year. The amount for 2024 was \$ 477,052 (2023 - \$ 461,874).

The Township has entered into a commercial lease agreement with Ford Credit for a 2023 Ford F250 truck. The lease obligation runs until September 2026. Monthly payments of \$ 2,644 include HST. The cost of the lease agreement in 2024 was \$ 28,576 (2023 - \$ 11,907).

11. SEGMENTED INFORMATION

- (a) The Township is responsible for providing a wide range of services to its citizens. The Township reports on functional areas and programs in its consolidated financial statements. A brief description of each segment follows:
 - i) General government is comprised of Council and administration and is responsible for the overall governance and management of the Municipality.
 - ii) Protection is comprised of police, fire, and other protective services.
 - iii) Transportation is comprised of roads including parking, signs and signals, streetlights and the maintenance of roads of the Township.
 - iv) Environmental services include water supply and distribution, wastewater treatment, and solid waste and recycling services.
 - v) Recreation and cultural services include parks, recreation and libraries.
 - vi) Planning and development services are comprised of managing development for residential and business interests, as well as infrastructure and parks.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2024

11. SEGMENTED INFORMATION (Continued)

(b) For each functional area, expenditures represent both amounts that are directly attributable to the functional area and amounts that are allocated on a reasonable basis. The expenditures for 31 December 2024 are as follows:

01.2000	Salaries and benefits	Interest on long term debt	Materials and contracted services	Rent, external transfers and accretion	Amortization	<u>Total</u>
General government Protection services Transportation services Environmental services Recreation Planning and development	\$ 476,806 389,258 562,453 202,016 242,605	\$ 47,862 9,787	\$ 288,111 678,896 786,804 816,298 170,908 23,754	\$ 17,348	\$ 14,520 135,216 339,162 21,239 20,997	\$ 796,785 1,251,232 1,698,206 1,279,553 434,510 23,754
	\$ <u>1,873,138</u>	\$ <u>57,649</u>	\$ <u>2,764,771</u>	\$ <u>257,348</u>	\$ 531,134	\$ <u>5,484,040</u>
(c) The expenditures for 31 Dec	ember 2023 ar Salaries and benefits	Interest on long term debt	Materials and contracted services	Rent, external transfers and accretion	Amortization	<u>Total</u>
General government Protection services Transportation services Environmental services Recreation Planning and development	\$ 516,816 375,261 577,856 181,377 244,287	\$ 50,809 15,957	\$ 269,358 881,629 794,144 692,271 181,037 6,417	\$ 13,225 335,000	\$ 39,105 135,618 507,658 183,541 16,096	\$ 838,504 1,443,317 1,895,615 1,392,189 441,420 6,417

(d) For each functional area, revenues represent both amounts that are directly attributable to the functional area and amounts that are allocated on a reasonable basis. The revenues for 31 December 2024 are as follows:

	<u>Taxes</u>	Ţ	Jser charges and other revenues	(Government transfers - <u>Ontario</u>	•	Government transfers - <u>Canada</u>	<u>Total</u>
General government Protection services Transportation services Environmental services Recreation services Planning and development	\$ 3,515,601	\$	423,209 34,572 15,049 458,718 37,305 5,300	\$	976,180 227,119 234,597 167,471 5,265	\$	26,002	\$ 4,940,992 34,572 242,168 693,315 204,776 10,565
	\$ 3,515,601	\$_	974,153	\$_	1,610,632	\$_	26,002	\$ 6,126,388

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2024

11. SEGMENTED INFORMATION (Continued)

(e) The revenues for 31 December 2023 are as follows:

	<u>Taxes</u>	1	User charges and other <u>revenues</u>		Government transfers - <u>Ontario</u>		Government transfers - <u>Canada</u>	<u>Total</u>
General government Protection services	\$ 2,955,391	\$	337,201 41,453	\$	970,289	\$	20,530	\$ 4,283,411 41,453
Transportation services Environmental services			11,025 435,787		231,179 107,420		67,809	310,013 543,207
Recreation services Planning and development		_	40,956 3,600		10,547		10,499	 62,002 3,600
-	\$ 2,955,391	\$_	870,022	\$_	1,319,435	\$_	98,838	\$ 5,243,686

12. PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS

The Municipality makes contributions to the Ontario Municipal Employees Retirement System (OMERS), a multi-employer pension plan during the year. The plan provides defined pension benefits to employees based on their length of service and rates of pay. During the year ended 31 December 2024, the Municipality contributed \$ 112,221 (2023 - \$ 110,398) to the plan and is included as an expense in the Consolidated Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus. The Township does not recognize in its consolidated financial statements any share of the pension plan surplus as this is a joint responsibility of all Ontario municipalities and their employees. The pension plan had a deficit for 2024 of \$ 4,319,000,000 (2023 - deficit of \$ 7,571,000,000) based on the fair market value of the Plan's assets.

13. NET LONG TERM LIABILITIES	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
(a) Ontario Infrastructure and Lands Corporation (OILC) loan payable, 2.80% interest, \$ 77,657 principal and interest payment, payable semi-annually, maturing February 2037.	\$ 1,628,579	\$ 1,736,030
Bank of Montreal capital lease payable, 6.978% interest, \$ 8,318 principal and interest payment, payable monthly,		
maturing August 2025.	 64,839	 156,630
Net long term liabilities at the end of the year	\$ 1,693,418	\$ 1,892,660

(b) Principal and interest payments required on the long term liabilities are as follows:

	<u>Principal</u>		-	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>		
2025	\$	175,321	\$	46,540	\$	221,861	
2026		113,597		41,717		155,314	
2027		116,801		38,514		155,315	
2028		120,094		35,221		155,315	
2029		123,480		31,834		155,314	
2030 to 2034		671,629		104,943		776,572	
2035 onwards		372,496		15,790		388,286	
	\$	1,693,418	\$	314,559	\$	2,007,977	

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2024

14. EQUITY IN TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS

	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
Tangible capital assets - net Net long term liabilities (Note 13)	\$ 7,260,706 _(1,693,418)	\$ 7,244,343 (1,892,660)
	\$ <u>5,567,288</u>	\$ <u>5,351,683</u>

15. ASSET RETIREMENT OBLIGATIONS

The Township has accrued for asset retirement obligations related to the legal requirement for the remediation of the landfill sites owned by the Township. The obligations are determined based on the estimated undiscounted cash flows that will be required in the future to remediate the landfills in accordance with current legislation.

The change in the estimated obligations during the year consist of the following:

	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
Landfill closure and post closure costs Accretion expense	\$ 1,715,000 <u>240,000</u>	\$ 1,380,000 335,000
	\$ <u>1,955,000</u>	\$ <u>1,715,000</u>
16. TAXATION AND USER CHARGES	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
Property taxes Payment in lieu of property taxes Water user charges Sewage user charges	\$ 3,439,529 76,072 180,612 	\$ 2,889,406 65,985 167,960 159,987
	\$ <u>3,869,213</u>	\$ <u>3,283,338</u>

Schedule of Water Fund Operations

For the year ended 31 December 2024 (with 2023 figures for comparison)

	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
Revenue: User charges	\$ 180,612	\$ 167,960
Expenses: Ontario Clean Water Agency billings Hydro	\$ 180,057 13,772	\$ 171,482 13,866
	\$ 193,829	\$ 185,348
Change in water fund surplus (deficit) Water fund deficit at the beginning of the year	\$ (13,217) (44,360)	\$ (17,388) (26,972)
Water fund deficit at the end of the year	\$ (57,577)	\$ (44,360)

Schedule of Sewage Fund Operations

For the year ended 31 December 2024 (with 2023 figures for comparison)

		<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
Revenue:			
User charges	\$	173,000	\$ 159,987
Expenses:			
Grant in lieu	\$	1,039	\$ 987
Hydro		26,976	21,286
Materials		7,870	8,948
Ontario Clean Water Agency billings	_	147,612	 140,583
	\$	183,497	\$ 171,804
Shortfall of revenue over expenses	\$	(10,497)	\$ (11,817)
Transfers:			
Transfer from reserves			 5,715
Change in sewage fund surplus (deficit)	\$	(10,497)	\$ (6,102)
Sewage fund deficit at the beginning of the year		(6,102)	
Sewage fund deficit at the end of the year	\$	(16,599)	\$ (6,102)

Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2024



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board Members, Members of Council, Inhabitants and Ratepayers of the Corporation of the Township of Killaloe, Hagarty and Richards.

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the Village of Killaloe Recreation Committee (the Committee), which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2024, and the statement of operations and accumulated surplus for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Committee as at 31 December 2024, and its financial performance for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards (PSAS).

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Committee in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with PSAS, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Committee's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Committee or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Committee's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Committee's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Committee's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Committee to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Committee to express an opinion on the financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Mackillicon a Associates

RENFREW, Ontario. 17 March 2025.

Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants

Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 December 2024 (with 2023 figures for comparison)

ASSET

Cash in bank

\$ 2024 2023

ASSET

Cash in bank

\$ 20,743 \$ 19,757

ACCUMULATED SURPLUS

Accumulated surplus

\$ 20,743 \$ 19,757

(See accompanying notes)

MACKILLICAN & ASSOCIATES

Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus

For the year ended 31 December 2024 (with 2023 figures for comparison)

Revenue: Fundraising Interest	<u>2024</u>		<u>2023</u>	
	\$ 986	\$	11,592 957	
	\$ 986	\$	12,549	
Expenses: Recreation activities Fundraising	\$ -	\$	558 9,715	
	\$ 	\$	10,273	
Excess of revenue over expenses Accumulated surplus at the beginning of the year	\$ 986 19,757	\$	2,276 17,481	
Accumulated surplus at the end of the year	\$ 20,743	\$	19,757	

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2024

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Village of Killaloe Recreation Committee are the representation of management prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting standards for local governments as recommended by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB) of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada.

(a) Basis of Accounting

The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the period in which transactions or events occurred that gave rise to the revenue; expenses are recognized in the period goods or services are acquired and a liability is incurred or transfers are due.

Funds from external parties and earnings thereon restricted by agreement or legislation are accounted for as deferred revenue until used for the purpose specified.

Government transfers, contributions and other amounts are received from third parties pursuant to legislation, regulation or agreement and may only be used for certain programs, in the completion of specific work, or for the purchase of tangible capital assets. In addition, certain user charges and fees are collected for which the related services have yet to be performed. Revenue is recognized in the period when the related expenses are incurred, services performed or the tangible capital assets are acquired.

(b) Government Transfers

Government transfers are the transfer of assets from senior levels of government that are not the result of an exchange transaction, are not expected to be repaid in the future, or the result of a direct financial return.

Government transfers are recognized in the financial statements in the period in which the events giving rise to the transfer occur, providing the transfers are authorized, any eligibility criteria have been met and reasonable estimates of the amounts can be made.

(c) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the year. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

(d) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are comprised of cash on hand and in bank and investments due no greater than three months from the date of acquisition or that are cashable on demand.

(e) Investment Income

Investment income earned on current funds are reported as revenue in the period earned.

(f) Financial Instruments

Financial instruments include cash in bank. Unless otherwise noted, it is management's opinion that the Committee is not exposed to significant interest, currency or credit risks arising from the financial instruments. The carrying amounts reported on the statement of financial position for cash in bank, approximates the fair value, due to the immediate and short term maturity of the financial instruments.

2. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The nature of Committee activities is such that there may be litigation pending or in prospect at any time. The Committee is not aware of any claims or possible claims as at 31 December 2024.